INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

JUNE 30, 2010

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CITY OFFICIALS

<u>NAME</u>	TITLE	TERM EXPIRES
Kurt Tatsumi Katricia Rider Mark Postma Brad Hindt Dave Popkes Ron Rensink Duane Seehusen	Mayor - To January 2010 Mayor - From January 2010 Council Member Council Member Council Member Council Member Council Member	January 2014 January 2012 January 2012 January 2014 January 2012 January 2014
Scott Wynja	City Manager	
Arlene Budden	Clerk/Treasurer	
Micah Schreurs	Attorney	
Skip Tanner Glen Zylstra Steve Drenkow Rob Dixon Scott Meinecke	Airport Commissioner Airport Commissioner Airport Commissioner Airport Commissioner Airport Commissioner	July 2014 July 2010 July 2014 July 2010 July 2012
Nicole Carver Randy Merley Toni Bart Jay Theis Krissa Jacobsma	Park and Recreation Commissioner	July 2014 July 2014 July 2012 July 2010 July 2010
Ed Stephens Mildred Voss Jane Cain Darlene Krier Joel Gustafson Lynda Huisman Judy Honkomp	Library Trustee	July 2015 July 2015 July 2010 July 2012 July 2013 July 2011 July 2013
Raeanne Tatsumi Marlene Pape Joe Wildeman Cindy Runger Mark Klemme Mark Poyzer Ron Brinkman	Museum Trustee	July 2011 July 2010 July 2010 July 2012 July 2010 July 2011 July 2011
Pete Hamill Keith Rolston Phil Grove Fred Stratman Jeanne Lichty Jan Neel Stan Ten Kley Donna Brinkman Shirley Letner	Recreational Trails Board	July 2010 July 2010 July 2010 July 2012 July 2012 July 2012 July 2011 July 2011 July 2011

Winther, Stave & Co., LLP

Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Sheldon Sheldon, IA 51201

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Sheldon, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As described in Note 1, these financial statements were prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective cash basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Sheldon as of June 30, 2010 and the respective changes in cash basis financial position for the year then ended in conformity with the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 4, 2011 on our consideration of the City of Sheldon's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that

testing and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4 through 10 and 31 through 33 are not required parts of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquires of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. We did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the City's primary government. Other supplementary information, included in Schedules 1, 2, and 3, is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The other information, included in Schedules 4 and 5, is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Winther Stone Ho. The

January 4, 2011

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The City of Sheldon provides this management's discussion and analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the City's financial statements, which follow.

2010 Financial Highlights

- Receipts of the City's governmental funds increased by 10.34% or approximately \$532,800 from fiscal year 2009 to fiscal year 2010. Property and other City taxes increased by approximately \$88,400.
- Disbursements of the City's governmental funds decreased by .55% or approximately \$34,200 from fiscal year 2009 to fiscal year 2010.
- The City's total cash basis net assets decreased 10.73% or approximately \$545,600 from June 30, 2009 to June 30, 2010. Of this amount, the cash basis net assets of the governmental activities decreased by approximately \$475,000 and the cash basis net assets of the business type activities decreased by approximately \$70,600.

Using This Annual Report

The annual report consists of a series of financial statements and other information as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the City's financial activities.

The Government-wide Financial Statements consist of a Statement of Activities and Net Assets. This statement provides information about the activities of the City as a whole and presents an overall view of the City's finances.

The fund financial statements tell how governmental services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statement by providing information about the most significant funds.

Notes to financial statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the City's budget for the year.

Other Supplementary Information provides detailed information about the nonmajor governmental funds and information on the City's debt.

Basis of Accounting

The City maintains its financial records on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements and the financial statements of the City are prepared on that basis. The cash basis of accounting does not give effect to accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued items. Accordingly, the financial statements do not present financial position and results of operations of the funds in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, readers should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the cash basis of accounting.

Reporting The City's Financial Activities

Government-wide Financial Statements

One of the most important questions asked about the City's finances is, "Is the City as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Activities and Net Assets reports information which helps answer this question.

The Statement of Activities and Net Assets presents the City's net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities and Net Assets is divided into two kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities include public safety, public works, health and social services, culture and recreation, community and economic development, general government, debt service, and capital projects. Property tax and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business Type Activities include the waterworks and the sanitary sewer system. These
 activities are financed primarily by user charges.

Fund Financial Statements

The City has three kinds of funds:

1. Governmental funds account for most of the City's basic services. These focus on how money flows into and out of those funds, and the balances at year-end that are available for spending. The governmental funds include: (a) the General Fund, (b) the Special Revenue Funds, such as Tax Increment Financing and Local Option Sales Tax, (c) the Debt Service Fund, and (d) the Capital Projects Fund. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed, short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs.

The required financial statement for governmental funds is a statement of cash receipts, disbursements, and changes in cash balances.

2. Proprietary funds account for the City's Enterprise and for the Internal Service Fund. Enterprise Funds are used to report business type activities. The City maintains two Enterprise Funds to provide separate information for the water and sewer funds, considered to be major funds of the City. The Internal Service Fund is used to account for the City's self-insurance activities.

The required financial statements for proprietary funds is a statement of cash receipts, disbursements, and changes in cash balances.

3. Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in trust or agency capacity for others. The City's fiduciary fund is used to account for employee cafeteria funds.

The required financial statement for fiduciary funds is a statement of cash receipts, disbursements, and changes in cash balances.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The City's cash balance for governmental activities decreased by \$474,950 for the year ended June 30, 2010. The following analysis focuses on the changes in cash basis net assets of governmental activities.

Changes in Cash Basis Net Assets of Governmental Activities

Receipts:	For the Year Ended June 30, 2010	For the Year Ended June 30, 2009	Increase (Decrease)
Program receipts:	A 740.440	4 770 007	
Charges for services	\$ 718,112	\$ 779,607	\$ (61,495)
Operating grants, contributions, and restricted interest	517,928	499,071	18,857
Capital grants, contributions, and restricted interest	495,107	105,619	389,488
General receipts:	4 004 577	4 040 440	00.400
Property and other city taxes	1,304,577	1,216,149	88,428
Tax increment financing	2,063,537	1,849,357	214,180
Local option sales tax	351,879	569,663	(217,784)
Unrestricted investment earnings	31,573	63,806	(32,233)
Unrestricted miscellaneous	131,954	29,780	102,174
Proceeds - sale of assets	71,246	40,092	<u>31,154</u>
Total receipts	<u>5,685,913</u>	<u>5,153,144</u>	<u>532,769</u>
Disbursements:			
Public safety	994,397	960,718	33,679
Public works	1,193,136	952,716	240,420
Health and social services	15,500	15,500	
Culture and recreation	491,423	533,066	(41,643)
Community and economic development	453,534	368,431	85,103
General government	374,644	325,457	49,187
Debt service	1,586,968	1,128,038	458,930
Capital projects	<u> 1,091,594</u>	<u> 1,951,447</u>	<u>(859,853</u>)
Total disbursements	<u>6,201,196</u>	<u>6,235,373</u>	(34,177)
Change in cash basis net assets before transfers	(515,283)	(1,082,229)	566,946
Net transfers	40,333	(1,002,223)	185,000
NEU II dii Siei S	40,333	(144,007)	100,000
Change in cash basis net assets	(474,950)	(1,226,896)	751,946
Cash basis net assets - beginning of year	3,249,359	4,476,255	<u>(1,226,896</u>)
Cash basis net assets - end of year	<u>\$2,774,409</u>	<u>\$3,249,359</u>	<u>\$ (474,950</u>)

The City's total receipts for governmental activities increased 10.34% or approximately \$532,800 from fiscal year 2009 to fiscal year 2010. The increase was primarily due to grants received for the airport hangar project and the recreation trails project.

The cost of governmental activities for fiscal year 2010 was approximately \$6,201,200 which was down .55% or approximately \$34,200 from fiscal year 2009. The increases in public works and debt service were offset by a decrease in capital project disbursements.

The City's cash balance for business type activities decreased by \$70,624 for the year ended June 30, 2010. The following analysis focuses on the changes in cash basis net assets of business type activities.

Changes in Cash Basis Net Assets of Business Type Activities

	For the Year Ended June 30, 2010	For the Year Ended June 30, 2009	Increase (Decrease)
Receipts:			
Program receipts:			
Charges for services:	A 050 007	A 077 000	Φ (04.4FC)
Water	\$ 856,807	\$ 877,963	\$ (21,156)
Sewer	652,519	655,091	(2,572)
Operating grants, contributions, and restricted interest General receipts:	1,769	2,070	(301)
Unrestricted investment earnings	24,493	<u>68,341</u>	(43,848)
Total receipts	<u>1,535,588</u>	<u> 1,603,465</u>	<u>(67,877)</u>
Disbursements: Water Sewer Total disbursements	967,757 598,122 1,565,879	1,893,223 590,910 2,484,133	(925,466) 7,212 (918,254)
Total dispuisements		2,404,100	(010,201)
Change in cash basis net assets before transfers	(30,291)	(880,668)	850,377
Net transfers	(40,333)	144,667	(185,000)
	,		,
Change in cash basis net assets	(70,624)	(736,001)	665,377
Cash basis net assets - beginning of year	1,834,714	2,570,715	<u>(736,001</u>)
Cash basis net assets - end of year	<u>\$1,764,090</u>	<u>\$1,834,714</u>	<u>\$ (70,624)</u>

The City's receipts for business type activities were down 4.23% or approximately \$67,900 in fiscal year 2010 from fiscal year 2009. The City did not raise water rates in fiscal year 2010.

The City's disbursements for business type activities were down 36.96% or approximately \$918,300 in fiscal year 2010 from fiscal year 2009. This was due to the final payment to Lewis and Clark rural Water System of approximately \$926,000 which was made in fiscal year 2009.

Individual Major Governmental Fund Analysis

The City's governmental funds showed a combined cash basis fund balance of \$2,555,389 at June 30, 2010 which was approximately \$501,800 less than the balance at June 30, 2009.

The general fund, debt service fund, and capital project funds showed modest changes of approximately \$(58,100), \$5,200, and \$2,800, respectively. The tax increment financing, local option sales tax, and other nonmajor governmental funds had decreases in cash basis fund balances of approximately \$138,700, \$186,000, and \$127,000, respectively. The City used the reserves in these funds to pay for various projects.

Individual Major Business Type Fund Analysis

The City's business type funds showed a combined cash basis fund balance of \$1,983,110 at June 30, 2010 which was approximately \$43,800 less than the balance at June 30, 2009.

The water fund showed a decrease of approximately \$121,900. The sewer and self-insurance funds showed increases of approximately \$32,800 and \$45,300, respectively.

Budgetary Highlights

The City amended the budget on May 19, 2010. This amendment was needed to budget for additional capital project disbursements, a Lewis and Clark indexing payment, hail damage repairs, unexpected public works overtime, and additional emergency services fees. Budgeted receipts were also amended to budget additional grants, contributions, and other miscellaneous receipts.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2010, the City had \$7,052,696 in bonds and other long-term debt, compared to \$8,520,655 last year as shown below.

Outstanding Debt at Year-End		
	June 30,	
	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Tax increment financing	\$2,635,000	\$2,876,333
Sewer revenue note	479,000	518,000
Water revenue note	1,615,873	1,714,913
Sales and service tax bonds	655,000	775,000
General obligation bonds	1,395,000	2,345,000
Airport improvement loan	272,823	<u>291,409</u>
Total	\$7,052,696	\$8,520,655

The Constitution of the State of Iowa limits the amount of general obligation debt cities can issue to 5% of the assessed value of all taxable property within the City's corporate limits. The City's outstanding general obligation debt is well within its constitutional debt limit of \$11,574,249.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Each year, the City of Sheldon's elected officials and department heads consider various factors that contribute to the establishment of the proposed budget. This includes tax rates, fees for services, grants, and other various funding sources. Over the last several years, the City Council has considered rate changes and other revenue streams to help offset the increased operating expenses. Once again this year, many factors helped to determine the 2010-2011 budget.

As in past years, city department heads, boards and commissions reviewed and updated the five-year capital improvement plans. This is usually done in preparation for the budget process. Once again, a number of items that were included on this list have been incorporated into the 2010-2011 budget. We continue to evaluate the general fund as limited increases are available to offset the increases for general services in this fund. We also continue to monitor our urban renewal districts (TIF) and consider any potential impacts they may create with increased

valuations and changes to our development and urban renewal plans. We have been very proactive over the last couple of years by paying off debt and releasing TIF Districts. We also continue to evaluate and compare ourselves with tax rates and utility rates of other Northwest lowa communities. With the concern over the economy as a whole, the council attempted to hold the current levy rate about the same with a slight increase and proposed a 2% utility rate increase for this coming budget year. We will continue to evaluate these on an annual basis.

Comparisons 2009-2010 to 2010-2011 Management Analysis

In preparing for the 2009-2010 budget year, the City Council wanted to make sure we held levels as close as possible to the same tax levy rate and user fees as the previous year. At the same time, we wanted to continue the same level of service to the community. We continue to struggle with minimal increases in the general fund and continue to find areas of funding to maintain services. To the benefit of the City, the residential roll-back has been stopped. The City Council had to encounter the many challenges to offset and fund the increase in expenditures in various areas. A majority of this was done by using reserve funds and other sources to cover some of the needed capital items.

This past year we were fortunate to have some remaining funds from the essential corporate bond to complete some infrastructure projects. We continue to rely on some cash fund reserves and tax increment financing for various capital projects and infrastructure improvements in urban renewal areas. We also continue to consider releasing some of these areas that are developed and in turn help fund the general fund. Funding for the current year capital projects is being done from various sources. We once again utilize TIF funds for many needed infrastructure upgrades and repairs and the use of local option sales tax for economic betterment projects. These have been proven economic tools to complete a number of projects.

Some of the other projects and equipment items were purchased and completed through various reserve funds. Many of the smaller projects and equipment purchases in the street, police, park, airport, museum, and library departments were covered with these sources. We also try and utilize grant funds whenever possible for various capital projects and items. The airport utilizes airport improvement funds (AIP) allocated from the FAA for a majority of the capital items. Other boards and commissions seek various funding and grant sources to complete various capital projects.

Once again, there appears to be a slight growth in tax increment financing funds (TIF). There are a variety of capital projects that will be funded with TIF to include: Highway 18 widening project, 4th Street Lift Station upgrade, Runger Addition infrastructure extensions, 2nd Avenue (old 60) street improvements, and additional infrastructure development in Sheldon Crossing. As the community continues to develop and grow, TIF will continue to be a valuable tool to promote and enhance this economic growth. Continued development in Sheldon Crossing and Runger's Addition will continue as long as there is a need for development ground. Local option sales tax funds (LOST) have also been an excellent tool to promote economic betterment. The funds are being used for additional street lighting, trails maintenance and improvements, sidewalk improvements and toward the new Lifelong Learning and Recreation Center through a partnership with Northwest Iowa Community College. The City Council continues to analyze the TIF situation and determine the appropriate need for the community. They will continue to consider districts that could be released from TIF. This past year the Council has approved to release another couple of large residential areas from the TIF district to include the Sunshine and Schemper Additions. These additions along with the ORAB Addition that was released last year have an approximate assessed value of \$5.1 million.

The business type activities for the water and sewer fund has a 2% rate increase for the next fiscal year. The previous year we were able to hold the rates the same; but with various projects and operating increases, the Council agreed to a slight increase. The Council will need to continue to evaluate and analyze these rates each year going forward. As expenses for these services continue to increase, the cost to provide these services will also have to increase. The water department plans to purchase some additional meter reading equipment, and complete a large water main improvement project. The wastewater department continues to deal with infiltration issues and other plant improvements and upgrades. The City is a member of the Lewis and Clark Regional Water System. When completed, the City of Sheldon will be allocated 1.3 million gallons of water on a daily basis. Sheldon has prepaid its capital obligation to the project and now relies on federal funding to complete the system. This will provide an excellent resource of water for years to come. Depending upon federal funding, Sheldon anticipates water from this system in 2018.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Arlene Budden, City Clerk/Treasurer or Scott Wynja, City Manager, 416 9th St., Sheldon, Iowa, 51201.



CITY OF SHELDON STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND NET ASSETS - CASH BASIS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

			Program Receipts
	Disbursements	Charges for Service	Operating Grants, Contributions, and Restricted Interest
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS:	Dispursements	OCIVICE	restricted interest
Governmental activities:	* 004.007	Φ 050 000	Ф. 44.000
Public safety Public works	\$ 994,397 1,193,136	\$ 252,333 262,874	\$ 11,690 449,869
Health and social services Culture and recreation	15,500 491,423	161,593	48,536
Community and economic development	453,534	4,591	620
General government	374,644	36,721	130
Debt service	1,586,968	,	7,083
Capital projects	<u>1,091,594</u>		
Total governmental activities	6,201,196	<u>718,112</u>	<u>517,928</u>
Business type activities:			
Water	967,757	856,807	863
Sewer	598,122	652,519	906
Total business type activities	<u>1,565,879</u>	_1,509,326	<u> </u>
TOTAL	<u>\$7,767,075</u>	<u>\$2,227,438</u>	<u>\$ 519,697</u>
General Receipts: Property and other city taxes levied for: General purposes Debt service Tax increment financing Local option sales tax Unrestricted investment earnings Unrestricted miscellaneous Sale of assets Operating transfers Total general receipts and transfers CHANGE IN CASH BASIS NET ASSETS			
CASH BASIS NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR			
CASH BASIS NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR			
CASH BASIS NET ASSETS: Restricted, expendable: Streets			

TOTAL CASH BASIS NET ASSETS

	Net (Disbursements) Receipts and Changes in			
	Cash Basis Net Assets			
Capital Grants, Contributions, and Restricted Interest	Governmental Activities	Business Type <u>Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>	
\$ 332,844 116,300 16,000	\$ (730,374) (147,549) (15,500) (164,994) (432,323) (337,793)		\$ (730,374) (147,549) (15,500) (164,994) (432,323) (337,793)	
29,963 495,107	(1,579,885) (1,061,631) (4,470,049)		(1,579,885) (1,061,631) (4,470,049)	
		\$ (110,087) <u>55,303</u> (54,784)	(110,087) <u>55,303</u> <u>(54,784</u>)	
<u>\$ 495,107</u>	<u>(4,470,049</u>)	(54,784)	(4,524,833)	
	1,152,919 151,658 2,063,537 351,879 31,573 131,954 71,246 40,333 3,995,099 (474,950)	24,493 (40,333) (15,840) (70,624)	1,152,919 151,658 2,063,537 351,879 56,066 131,954 71,246 3,979,259 (545,574)	
	3,249,359	1,834,714	5,084,073	
	\$2,774,409	<u>\$1,764,090</u>	<u>\$4,538,499</u>	
	\$ 76,192 (37,631) 355,589 831,916 1,548,343 \$2,774,409	\$ 7,300 170,294 _1,586,496 \$1,764,090	\$ 76,192 (37,631) 362,889 170,294 831,916 3,134,839 \$4,538,499	

CITY OF SHELDON STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

DECEMBE	General	Tax Increment Financing	Local Option Sales Tax
RECEIPTS:	¢ 675 100		
Property tax	\$ 675,102	\$2,063,537	
Tax increment financing	62,865	φ2,003,337	\$351,879
Other city taxesLicenses and permits	11,739		Ψ001,010
Use of money and property	83,119	5,963	10,870
Intergovernmental	499,643	3,303	10,070
Charges for service	540,672		
Miscellaneous	184,996	2,464	25,903
TOTAL RECEIPTS	2,058,136	2,071,964	388,652
TOTAL RECEIPTS	2,030,130	2,07 1,304	_300,032
DISBURSEMENTS:			
Public safety	806,360		
Public works	651,711		
Health and social services	15,500		
Culture and recreation	417,623		
Community and economic development	3,694	319,590	33,534
General government	246,239	0.0,000	109,032
Debt service	210,200	367,324	150,923
Capital projects		122,757	123,810
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS	2,141,127	809,671	417,299
TO THE BIODOROLIMENTO			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF RECEIPTS			
OVER (UNDER) DISBURSEMENTS	<u>(82,991</u>)	<u>1,262,293</u>	<u>(28,647</u>)
OTHER FINANCING COURCES			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:	400 407		
Operating transfers in	169,197	(4.404.007)	(457.054)
Operating transfers out	(159,334)	(1,401,007)	(157,351)
Proceeds - sale of assets	<u>15,000</u>	(4.404.007)	(457.054)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	24,863	(1,401,007)	<u>(157,351</u>)
NET CHANGE IN CASH BALANCES	(58,128)	(138,714)	(185,998)
	(00,100)	(100,11)	(,,
CASH BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	675,542	405,583	689,275
CACLIDALANCES END OF VEAD	¢ 617.414	<u>ቀ </u>	¢502 277
CASH BALANCES - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 617,414</u>	<u>\$ 266,869</u>	<u>\$503,277</u>
CASH BASIS FUND BALANCES:			
Reserved for debt service		\$ 304,500	
Unreserved:		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Designated for future equipment purchases	\$ 120,290		
Undesignated:			
General fund	497,124		
Special revenue funds	,	(37,631)	\$503,277
Capital projects fund		(5.,55.)	+,,
Capital projecto falla			
TOTAL CASH BASIS FUND BALANCES	\$ 617,414	<u>\$ 266,869</u>	\$503,277

Debt <u>Service</u>	Capital <u>Projects</u>	Total Nonmajor Governmental <u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
\$ 148,209		\$ 306,204	\$1,129,515
3,449		108,748	2,063,537 526,941
7,083	\$ 9,623 21,463	3,410 439,368	11,739 120,068 960,474 540,672
158,741	<u>8,500</u> <u>39,586</u>	29,920 887,650	251,783 5,604,729
		197,436 547,981 74,703	1,003,796 1,199,692 15,500 492,326
		96,716 19,445	453,534 374,716
1,068,721	845,027 845,027	936,281	1,586,968 1,091,594 6,218,126
(909,980)	<u>(805,441</u>)	(48,631)	(613,397)
915,216	752,006	105,570 (183,964)	1,941,989 (1,901,656)
915,216	<u>56,246</u> 808,252	(78,394)	71,246 111,579
5,236	2,811	(127,025)	(501,818)
<u>45,853</u>	709,098	<u>531,856</u>	3,057,207
<u>\$ 51,089</u>	<u>\$711,909</u>	<u>\$ 404,831</u>	<u>\$2,555,389</u>
\$ 51,089			\$ 355,589
			120,290
	<u>\$711,909</u>	\$ 404,831 	497,124 870,477 711,909
<u>\$ 51,089</u>	<u>\$711,909</u>	<u>\$ 404,831</u>	<u>\$2,555,389</u>

CITY OF SHELDON RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND NET ASSETS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS CASH BALANCES PER EXHIBIT B	\$2,555,389
AMOUNTS REPORTED FOR GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITES AND NET ASSETS ARE DIFFERENT BECAUSE:	
The internal service fund is used by the City to charge the cost of partial self funding the City's health insurance benefit plan to the individual funds. A portion of the assets of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets.	219,020
CASH BASIS NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES PER EXHIBIT A	<u>\$2,774,409</u>
NET CHANGE IN CASH BALANCES PER EXHIBIT B	\$ (501,818)
AMOUNTS REPORTED FOR GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITES AND NET ASSETS ARE DIFFERENT BECAUSE:	
The internal service fund is used by the City to charge the cost of partial self funding the City's health insurance benefit plan to the individual funds. A portion of the change in net assets of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.	<u> 26,868</u>
CHANGE IN CASH BASIS NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES PER EXHIBIT A	<u>\$ (474,950</u>)

CITY OF SHELDON STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	E	nterprise Fund	<u>s</u>	Internal <u>Service</u>
	<u>Water</u>	Sewer	<u>Total</u>	Self-Insurance
OPERATING RECEIPTS: Charges for services Reimbursements from operating funds Reimbursements from employees	\$ 846,063	\$642,630	\$1,488,693	\$380,247
and insurance Miscellaneous TOTAL OPERATING RECEIPTS	8,238 854,301	7,258 649,888	15,496 1,504,189	12,528 392,775
OPERATING DISBURSEMENTS: Business type activities: Cost of sales and services Insurance charges and claims	578,385	516,841	1,095,226	<u>351,794</u>
TOTAL OPERATING DISBURSEMENTS	578,385	516,841	1,095,226	_351,794
EXCESS OF OPERATING RECEIPTS OVER OPERATING DISBURSEMENTS	275,916	133,047	408,963	40,981
NON-OPERATING RECEIPTS (DISBURSEMENTS): Interest on investments	19,033 (220,084)	5,460 (28,536)	24,493 (248,620)	4,316
Debt service payments: Revenue note principal Revenue note interest TOTAL NON-OPERATING	(99,040) (77,593)	(39,000) (17,923)	(138,040) <u>(95,516</u>)	
RECEIPTS (DISBURSEMENTS)	(377,684)	<u>(79,999</u>)	<u>(457,683</u>)	<u>4,316</u>
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF RECEIPTS OVER (UNDER) DISBURSEMENTS	(101,768)	53,048	(48,720)	45,297
OPERATING TRANSFERS OUT	(20,167)	(20,166)	(40,333)	
NET CHANGE IN CASH BALANCES	(121,935)	32,882	(89,053)	45,297
CASH BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,308,514	414,839	1,723,353	303,513
CASH BALANCES - END OF YEAR	<u>\$1,186,579</u>	<u>\$447,721</u>	<u>\$1,634,300</u>	<u>\$348,810</u>

CITY OF SHELDON STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES - PROPRIETARY FUNDS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	E	nterprise Fund	ls	Internal <u>Service</u>
	<u>Water</u>	<u>Sewer</u>	<u>Total</u>	Self-Insurance
CASH BASIS FUND BALANCES: Reserved for: Revenue note retirement Sewer improvement Sewer replacement Unreserved	\$1,186,579	\$ 7,300 90,000 80,294 270,127	\$ 7,300 90,000 80,294 1,456,706	<u>\$348,810</u>
TOTAL CASH BASIS FUND BALANCES	\$1,186,579	\$447,721	\$1,634,300	\$348,810

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

TOTAL ENTERPRISE FUNDS CASH BALANCES PER EXHIBIT D	\$1,	634,300
AMOUNTS REPORTED FOR BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND NET ASSETS ARE DIFFERENT BECAUSE:		
The internal service fund is used by the City to charge the cost of partial self funding the City's health insurance benefit plan to the individual funds. A portion of the assets of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets.		<u>129,790</u>
CASH BASIS NET ASSETS OF BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES PER EXHIBIT A	<u>\$1,</u>	764,090
NET CHANGE IN CASH BALANCES - ENTERPRISE FUNDS PER EXHIBIT D .	\$	(89,053)
AMOUNTS REPORTED FOR BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND NET ASSETS ARE DIFFERENT BECAUSE:		
The internal service fund is used by the City to charge the cost of partial self funding the City's health insurance benefit plan to the individual funds. A portion of the change in net assets of the internal service fund is reported with business type activities.		18,429
CHANGE IN CASH BASIS NET ASSETS OF BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES PER EXHIBIT A	<u>\$</u>	(70,624)

CITY OF SHELDON STATEMENT OF CASH RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES - FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Agency Cafeteria <u>Plan</u>
CASH BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$ 100
RECEIPTS: Contributions	9,500
DISBURSEMENTS: Cafeteria plan benefits paid	 (8,480)
CASH BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 1,120

CITY OF SHELDON NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2010

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Sheldon is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa located in O'Brien and Sioux Counties. It was first incorporated in 1876 and operates under the Home Rule provisions of the Constitution of Iowa. The City operates under the Mayor-Council-Manager form of government with the Mayor and Council Members elected on a non-partisan basis. The City of Sheldon provides numerous services to citizens including public safety, public works, health and social services, culture and recreation, community and economic development, and general government services. It also provides water and sewer utilities services for its citizens.

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the City has included all funds, organizations, account groups, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The City has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body and (1) the ability of the City to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City. It was determined that the City has no component units.

The City also participates in several jointly governed organizations that provide goods or services to the citizenry of the City but do not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. City officials are members of the following boards and commissions: Northwest Iowa Area Solid Waste Agency, O'Brien County Emergency Management Association, O'Brien County E911 Board, Lewis and Clark Regional Water System, and other various organizations.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statement - The Statement of Activities and Net Assets - Cash Basis reports information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from this statement. Governmental activities, which are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services.

The Statement of Activities and Net Assets - Cash Basis presents the City's nonfiduciary net assets. Net assets are reported in two categories:

Expendable restricted net assets result when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net assets consist of net assets that do not meet the definition of the preceding category. Unrestricted net assets often have constraints on resources imposed by management, which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities and Net Assets - Cash Basis demonstrates the degree to which the direct disbursements of a given function are offset by program receipts. Direct disbursements are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program receipts include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function and (2) grants, contributions, and interest on investments restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program receipts are reported instead as general receipts.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds even though the later are excluded from the government-wide statements. Major individual governmental and proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. All general tax receipts and other receipts not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating disbursements, the fixed charges, and the capital improvement costs not paid from other funds.

Special Revenue:

The Tax Increment Financing Fund is used to account for receipts from the tax authorized by ordinance in the urban renewal district and used to pay the principal and interest on the general obligation capital loan notes and other indebtedness incurred for urban renewal redevelopment projects.

The Local Option Sales Tax Fund is used to account for the receipts from the tax authorized by referendum and used for property tax relief and community betterment.

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the payment of interest and principal on the City's general long-term debt.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all resources used in the acquisition and construction of capital facilities.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Enterprise:

The Water Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's water system.

The Sewer Fund is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the City's wastewater treatment and sanitary sewer system.

Additionally, the City reports the following funds:

Proprietary Fund - An Internal Service Fund is utilized to account for the financing of goods or services purchased by one department of the City and provided to other departments or agencies on a cost reimbursement basis.

Fiduciary Fund - Agency Fund is used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for individuals.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The City of Sheldon maintains its financial records on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements and the financial statements of the City are prepared on that basis. The cash basis of accounting does not give effect to accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued items. Accordingly, the financial statements do not present financial position and results of operations of the funds in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Subsequent events were evaluated by management for disclosure up to the date of the auditors' report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating receipts and disbursements from non-operating items. Operating receipts and disbursements generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All receipts and disbursements not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating receipts and disbursements.

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information. During the year ended June 30, 2010, disbursements exceeded the amounts budgeted in the debt service function.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The City's demand deposits, savings accounts, and certificates of deposit at June 30, 2010 were entirely covered by Federal depository insurance or by a multiple financial institution collateral pool in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the members of the pool to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The City is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the City Council; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

The City's cash and investments consisted of the following at June 30, 2010:

Cash on hand	\$	160
Demand deposits		59,263
Certificates of deposit/savings accounts	3,	679,261
Repurchase agreements		800,935
	• •	
	\ % ZL -	530 B10 -

The City's investments in repurchase agreements are collateralized by obligations of the United States government or its agencies. The City has signed a custodial agreement with the custodian. The repurchase agreements are reported at cost, which approximates market value. These investments are insured or registered with the securities held by the City or its agent in the City's name.

Interest rate risk - The City's investment policy limits the investment of operating funds (funds expected to be expended in the current budget year or within 15 months of receipt) in instruments that mature within 397 days. Funds not identified as operating funds may be invested in investments with maturities longer than 397 days but the maturities shall be consistent with the needs and use of the City.

3. BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the City's long-term debt are as follows:

Governmental Activities

				V ()	110116017 10111					
									Tax Incr	
		General (Obligation		Sales ar	id Se	rvice		Finan	•
Year Endin	a	Bonds	/Notes		Tax E	3ond:	S		Revenu	<u>e Bonds</u>
<u>June 30,</u>		Principal	Interest		<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>		<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
				_		•	00.000	•	045.000	#440.050
2011	\$	320,000	\$ 44,745	\$	125,000	\$	•	\$	215,000	\$116,350
2012		280,000	35,055		125,000		21,698		225,000	107,750
2013		120,000	26,935		130,000		16,822		235,000	98,525
2014		125,000	23,275		135,000		11,623		245,000	88,773
2015		130,000	19,275		140,000		6,020		255,000	78,360
2016		135,000	14,920						265,000	67,267
2017		140,000	10,263						280,000	55,475
2018		145,000	5,292						290,000	42,875
2019		·	•						305,000	29,535
2020									320,000	15,200
2021						_				
Total	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,395,000</u>	<u>\$179,760</u>	<u>\$</u>	655,00 <u>0</u>	<u>\$</u>	82,48 <u>5</u>	\$2	<u>2,635,000</u>	<u>\$700,110</u>

Governmental Activities - Continued

Year Ending	USDA Airport Loan			Total				
June 30,		<u>Principal</u>	<u>lr</u>	<u>nterest</u>	E	Principal		<u>Interest</u>
2011 2012	\$	19,469 20,394	\$	12,959 12,034	\$	679,469 650,394	\$	200,376 176,537
2013		21,362		11,066		506,362		153,348
2014		22,377		10,051		527,377		133,722
2015		23,440		8,988		548,440		112,643
2016		24,553		7,875		424,553		90,062
2017		25,720		6,708		445,720		72,446
2018		26,941		5,487		461,941		53,654
2019		28,221		4,207		333,221		33,742
2020		29,562		2,866		349,562		18,066
2021		30,784		<u>1,462</u>		30,784		1,462
Total	\$	272,823	\$	83,703	<u>\$4</u>	,957,823	<u>\$1</u>	,046,058

Revenue Notes

		Sewer F	Revenue		Water l	Reven	ue				
Year Endin	g_	Capital Lo	an Notes		Capital L	<u>oan N</u>	<u>otes </u>		Total Rev	enue	Notes Notes
<u>June 30,</u>	<u> </u>	Principal	<u>Interest</u>		<u>Principal</u>	<u>l</u>	nterest		<u>Principal</u>	<u>lr</u>	<u>nterest</u>
2011	\$	40,000	\$ 14,370	\$	103,638	\$,	\$	143,638	\$	87,365
2012		42,000	13,170		108,342		68,183		150,342		81,353
2013		43,000	11,910		113,584		63,151		156,584		75,061
2014		45,000	10,620		118,753		57,880		163,753		68,500
2015		47,000	9,270		124,266		52,366		171,266		61,636
2016		49,000	7,860		129,963		46,597		178,963		54,457
2017		50,000	6,390		136,137		40,562		186,137		46,952
2018		52,000	4,890		142,390		34,242		194,390		39,132
2019		54,000	3,330		149,001		27,631		203,001		30,961
2020		57,000	1,710		155,888		20,714		212,888		22,424
2021		,	•		163,180		13,476		163,180		13,476
2022					170,731	Security	5,900		170,731		5,900
Total	\$	479,000	\$ 83,520	<u>\$1</u>	1,615,87 <u>3</u>	<u>\$</u>	503,697	\$2	2,094,87 <u>3</u>	<u>\$5</u>	87,217

General Obligation Bonds/Notes

The City's total general obligation bonds/notes at June 30, 2010 were \$1,395,000.

Sales and Service Tax Bonds

On October 3, 1995, the residents of the City approved a local option sales tax at the rate of 1%. The revenues must be applied 37.5% for property tax relief and 62.5% for community betterment. The City has issued sales and service tax bonds to defray the cost of the Community Services Center project in accordance with Chapter 422B. The bonds are payable from 62.5% of the local option sales tax collected. If the 62.5% is insufficient to pay the bonds and interest, the shortfall may be paid from debt service. Therefore, the bonds are a general obligation of the City.

Tax Increment Financing Revenue Bonds

The City issued \$3,045,000 of urban renewal revenue annual appropriation capital loan notes in October 2007 for the purpose of defraying a portion of the costs of an aquatic center within the urban renewal district. The bonds are payable solely from the tax increment financing (TIF) receipts generated by increased property values in the City's TIF district and credited to the Special Revenue, Urban Renewal Tax Increment Fund in accordance with Chapter 403.19 of the Code of Iowa. TIF receipts are generally projected to produce 100 percent of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. The proceeds of the urban renewal tax increment financing revenue bonds shall be expended only for purposes which are consistent with the plans of the City's urban renewal area. The bonds are not a general obligation of the City. The bonds are subject at all times to non-appropriation by the City council. Therefore, only the principal and interest appropriated by the council is subject to the constitutional debt limit of the City. The amount appropriated for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2011 is \$331,350 including principal and interest. For the current year, principal and interest paid and TIF receipts were \$334,540 and \$2,063,537, respectively.

Revenue Notes

The City has pledged future wastewater customer receipts, net of specific operating disbursements, to repay the \$814,000 sewer revenue capital loan notes issued in September 1999. Proceeds from the notes provided financing for the construction of wastewater improvements. The notes are payable solely from wastewater customer net receipts and are payable through 2020. Annual principal and interest payments are expected to require less than 43% of net revenues. The total principal and interest payments remaining to be paid on the notes are \$562,520. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total customer net receipts were \$56,923 and \$133,047, respectively.

The resolution providing for the issuance of the sewer revenue capital loan notes include the following provisions:

- (A) The notes will only be redeemed from the future earnings of the enterprise activity and the note holder holds a lien on the future earnings of the funds.
- (B) Sufficient monthly transfers shall be made into a separate sewer revenue sinking account for the purpose of making the principal and interest payments when due.
- (C) Additional monthly transfers shall be made to a separate sewer reserve account until a specific minimum balance has been accumulated. This account is restricted for the purpose of paying principal and interest payments when insufficient money is available in the sinking account.
- (D) Additional monthly transfers of \$2,500 to a sewer improvement account shall be made until a balance of \$90,000 has been accumulated. This account is restricted for the purpose of paying principal and interest payments when insufficient money is available in the sinking and reserve accounts and to pay the cost of extraordinary maintenance expenses or repairs, renewals and replacements not included in the annual budget and for capital improvements to the systems.
- (E) User rates shall be established at a level which produces and maintains net receipts at a level not less than 110% of the amount of principal and interest on the notes falling due in the same year.

During the year ended June 30, 2010, the City was in compliance with all the sewer revenue notes provisions.

The City has also pledged future water customer receipts, net of specific operating expenses, to repay the \$1,900,000 water revenue capital loan notes issued in March 2007. Proceeds from the notes provided financing for the prepayment of the City's obligation to Lewis and Clark Regional Water System. The notes are payable solely from water customer net receipts and are payable through 2022. Annual principal and interest payments are expected to require less than 65% of net revenues. The total principal and interest payments remaining to be paid on the notes are \$2,119,570. For the current year, principal and interest paid and total customer net receipts were \$176,633 and \$275,916, respectively.

The notes were purchased by a local bank in participation with three other local banks.

The resolution providing for the issuance of the water revenue capital loan notes include the following provisions:

- (A) The notes will only be redeemed from the future earnings of the enterprise activity and the note holder holds a lien on the future earnings of the funds.
- (B) Sufficient monthly transfers shall be made into a separate water revenue sinking account for the purpose of making the principal and interest payments when due.
- (C) Additional monthly transfers shall be made to a separate water reserve account until a specific minimum balance has been accumulated. This account is restricted for the purpose of paying principal and interest payments when insufficient money is available in the sinking account.
- (D) User rates shall be established at a level which produces and maintains net revenues at a level not less than 125% of the amount of principal and interest on the notes falling due in the same year.

The purchaser of the notes has waived provisions (B) and (C). The City was in compliance with the other water revenue notes provisions during the year ended June 30, 2010.

Airport Loan

This loan was made through the United States Department of Agriculture for improvements at the City's airport. The loan has an unpaid balance of \$272,823 as of June 30, 2010, which will be paid from the general fund. The notes call for annual payments of \$32,428 including interest at 4.75%.

4. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The detail of interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2010 is as follows:

<u>Transfer to</u>	<u>Transfer from</u>	<u>Amount</u>
General	Special Revenue:	
	Emergency	\$ 22,560
	Employee benefits	21,138
	Local option sales tax	80,000
	Road use tax	5,166
	Proprietary:	
	Enterprise:	
	Water	20,167
	Sewer	20,166
		<u>169,197</u>
Debt Service	General Special Revenue:	32,428
	Tax increment financing	882,788
	Tax more marroing	915,216

Transfer to	<u>Transfer from</u>		<u>Amount</u>
Capital Projects	General Special Revenue: Tax increment financing Local option sales tax Trails maintenance	\$	126,906 475,000 15,000 135,100 752,006
Special Revenue: Employee benefits	Special Revenue: Local option sales tax		62,351
Special Revenue: LMI	Special Revenue: Tax increment financing		43,219
TOTAL INTERFUND TRANS	FERS	<u>\$</u>	1,941,98 <u>9</u>

5. PENSION AND RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The City contributes to the Iowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS) which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits which are established by state statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, PO Box 9117, Des Moines, IA 50306-9117.

Most regular plan members are required to contribute 4.30% of their annual covered salary and the City is required to contribute 6.65% of annual covered salaries. Certain employees in special risk occupations and the City contribute an actuarially determined contribution rate. Contribution requirements are established by State statute. The City's contributions to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2010, 2009, and 2008 were \$94,238, \$84,712, and \$77,232, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

6. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description

The City operates a single-employer retiree benefit plan which provides medical/ prescription drug benefits to active and retired employees and their eligible dependents. There are 26 active and no retired members in the plan. Participants must be age 55 or older at retirement.

The medical/prescription drug benefits are provided through a self-insured plan. Retirees under age 65 pay the same premium for the medical/prescription drug benefits as active employees.

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the City. The City currently finances the retiree benefit plan on a pay-as-you-go basis. The most recent active member monthly premiums for the city and plan members are \$554 for single coverage and \$1,447 for family coverage. The same monthly premiums apply to retirees. For the year ended June 30, 2010, the city contributed \$380,247 and plan members eligible for benefits contributed \$6,230 to the plan.

7. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

City employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation hours for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, retirement, or death. In addition, employees over age 55 have accumulated earned but unused sick pay which is payable upon termination, retirement, or death. These accumulations are not recognized as disbursements by the City until used or paid. The City's approximate liability for earned compensated absences payable to employees at June 30, 2010 is as follows:

Governmental activities: General fund	\$ 78,423
Special revenue: Road use tax Total governmental activities	<u>13,995</u> <u>92,418</u>
Business type activities: Proprietary: Enterprise:	
Water Sewer Total business type activities	21,028 <u>17,045</u> <u>38,073</u>
TOTAL	<u>\$130,491</u>

8. HEALTH CARE FACILITY REVENUE BONDS AND HOUSING REVENUE NOTES

The City has issued a total of \$11,880,000 of Health Care Facility Revenue Bonds and Housing Revenue Notes under the provisions of Chapter 419 of the Code of Iowa, of which \$7,124,853 is outstanding at June 30, 2010. The bonds and related interest are payable solely from the rents payable by tenants of the properties constructed, and the bond principal and interest do not constitute liabilities of the City.

9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The City has business transactions between the City and City officials, totaling \$115,086 during the year ended June 30, 2010. See item 10-II-D in the Schedule of Findings.

10. CONTRACT AND OTHER COMMITMENTS

The City has entered into construction contracts for various projects. A summary of the contracts is as follows:

Contract totalPaid as of June 30, 2010	\$742,458 <u>394,594</u>
Balance to complete	\$347 <u>.864</u>

The City has also entered into several tax increment financing rebate agreements with local businesses. The City has agreed to rebate the taxes paid by the business over a period of years. The City will expense the rebates as the taxes are collected and returned to the businesses.

11. SUBSEQEUENT EVENTS

Subsequent to June 30, 2010, the City entered into a construction contract for street improvements totaling \$595,803 and a contract for asbestos removal and demolition of a building for \$140,000. The City also purchased land for future development for approximately \$2,100,000. The City anticipates spending approximately \$1,100,000 for infrastructure on the property. The City plans on granting the land to the Sheldon Chamber and Development Corporation which will repay the City at a predetermined price as the land is sold. The City will finance this project by issuing approximately \$3,300,000 in general obligation capital loan notes.

12. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is a member in the Iowa Communities Assurance Pool, as allowed by Chapter 670.7 of the Code of Iowa. The Iowa Communities Assurance Pool (Pool) is a local government risk-sharing pool whose 634 members include various governmental entities throughout the State of Iowa. The Pool was formed in August 1986 for the purpose of managing and funding third-party liability claims against its members. The Pool provides coverage and protection in the following categories: general liability, automobile liability, automobile physical damage, public officials liability, police professional liability, property, inland marine, and boiler/machinery. There have been no reductions in insurance coverage from prior years.

Each member's annual casualty contributions to the Pool fund current operations and provide capital. Annual operating contributions are those amounts necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses, claims, claims expenses and reinsurance expenses due and payable in the current year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Capital contributions are made during the first six years of membership and are maintained to equal 200 percent of the total current members' basis rates or to comply with the requirements of any applicable regulatory authority having jurisdiction over the Pool.

The Pool also provides property coverage. Members who elect such coverage make annual operating contributions which are necessary to fund, on a cash basis, the Pool's general and administrative expenses and reinsurance premiums, all of which are due and payable in the current year, plus all or any portion of any deficiency in capital. Any year-end operating surplus is transferred to capital. Deficiencies in operations are offset by transfers from capital and, if insufficient, by the subsequent year's member contributions.

The City's property and casualty contributions to the risk pool are recorded as expenditures from its operating funds at the time of payment to the risk pool. The City's annual contributions to the Pool for the year ended June 30, 2010 were \$104,013.

The Pool uses reinsurance and excess risk-sharing agreements to reduce its exposure to large losses. The Pool retains general, automobile, police professional, and public officials' liability risks up to \$350,000 per claim. Claims exceeding \$350,000 are reinsured in an amount not to exceed \$2,650,000 per claim and \$10,000,000 in aggregate per year. For members requiring specific coverage from \$3,000,000 to \$10,000,000, such excess coverage is also reinsured. Property and automobile physical damage risks are retained by the Pool up to \$150,000 each occurrence, each location, with excess coverage reinsured by The Travelers Insurance Company.

The Pool's intergovernmental contract with its members provides that in the event a casualty claim or series of claims exceeds the amount of risk-sharing protection provided by the member's risk-sharing certificate, or in the event that a series of casualty claims exhausts total members' equity plus any reinsurance and any excess risk-sharing recoveries, then payment of such claims shall be the obligation of the respective individual member. As of June 30, 2010, settled claims have not exceeded the risk pool or reinsurance coverage since the Pool's inception.

Members agree to continue membership in the pool for a period of not less than one full year. After such period, a member who has given 60 days' prior written notice may withdraw from the Pool. Upon withdrawal, payments for all casualty claims and claim expenses become the sole responsibility of the withdrawing member, regardless of whether a claim was incurred or reported prior to the member's withdrawal. Members withdrawing within the first six years of membership may receive a partial refund of their casualty capital contributions. If a member withdraws after the sixth year, the member is refunded 100 percent of its casualty capital contributions. However, the refund is reduced by an amount equal to the annual casualty operating contribution which the withdrawing member would have made for the one-year period following withdrawal.

The City has established a self-insurance health insurance fund (an internal service fund) to account for group insurance risks. The City's plan has established a specific stop-loss amount of \$20,000 and an aggregate stop-loss of 125% of expected claims for the year. The City purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided.

The City has workmen's compensation coverage through the Iowa Municipalities Workers' Compensation Association. In addition, the City purchases employee blanket bond coverage from other insurers. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

13. COLLECTIVE BARGAINING AGREEMENT

All employees, except for the office personnel and management, are covered by collective bargaining agreements which expire June 30, 2011.

14. LITIGATION

The City has two lawsuits filed against it as of June 30, 2010. The City believes these lawsuits are without merit, and any claims not covered by insurance would not be material to the financial statements.



BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS AND CHANGES IN BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (CASH BASIS) -ALL GOVERNMENTAL AND PROPRIETARY FUNDS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

DECEMBE	Governmental Funds <u>Actual</u>	Proprietary Funds <u>Actual</u>	Total <u>Actual</u>
RECEIPTS: Property taxes Other city taxes Tax increment financing revenues Licenses and permits Use of money and property Intergovernmental Charges for services	526,941 2,063,537 11,739 120,068 960,474	\$ 28,809 1,868,940	\$1,129,515 526,941 2,063,537 11,739 148,877 960,474 2,409,612
Special assessments Miscellaneous TOTAL RECEIPTS	,	37,524 1,935,273	289,307 7,540,002
DISBURSEMENTS: Program: Public safety			1,003,796
Public works Health and social services Culture and recreation Community and economic development General government Debt service Capital projects	1,199,692 15,500 492,326 453,534 374,716 1,586,968		1,199,692 15,500 492,326 453,534 374,716 1,586,968 1,091,594
Business type Non-program TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS		1,577,402 <u>360,274</u> <u>1,937,676</u>	1,577,402 360,274 8,155,802
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF RECEIPTS OVER (UNDER) DISBURSEMENTS	(613,397)	(2,403)	(615,800)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating transfer in	(1,901,656)	(40,333)	1,941,989 (1,941,989) 71,246
SOURCES (USES)	111,579	(40,333)	71,246
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF RECEIPTS AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) OVER (UNDER) DISBURSEMENTS	(501,818)	(42,736)	(544,554)
BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	, , ,	,	
BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$2,555,389</u>	<u>\$1,984,230</u>	<u>\$4,539,619</u>

Less Funds Not Required to be	Net	Original	Final	Final to Actual
<u>Budgeted</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Variance</u>
0 4040	\$1,129,515 526,941 2,063,537 11,739	\$1,122,627 642,177 2,015,466 11,575	\$1,122,627 543,544 2,015,466 11,575	\$ 6,888 (16,603) 48,071 164 (20,339)
\$ 4,316	144,561 960,474	164,900 564,118	164,900 1,114,435	(153,961)
380,247	2,029,365	2,128,400	2,083,400	(54,035)
22,028 406,591	267,279 7,133,411	406 <u>648,006</u> 7,297,675	406 <u>786,796</u> <u>7,843,149</u>	(406) (519,517) (709,738)
	1,003,796 1,199,692 15,500	978,291 1,034,810 15,500	1,054,908 1,391,310 15,500	51,112 191,618
	492,326	524,594	545,657	53,331
	453,534	416,471	489,997	36,463
	374,716	359,842	409,913	35,197
	1,586,968	1,585,789	1,585,789	(1,179)
	1,091,594	940,000	1,313,000	221,406
360 274	1,577,402	2,163,464	2,331,170	753,768
360,274 360,274	7,795,528	8,018,761	9,137,244	1,341,716
46,317	(662,117)	(721,086)	(1,294,095)	631,978
	1,941,989 (1,941,989) <u>71,246</u>	2,652,673 (2,652,673) 100,000	2,652,673 (2,652,673) 130,000	(710,684) 710,684 (58,754)
	71,246	100,000	130,000	(58,754)
46,317	(590,871)	(621,086)	(1,164,095)	573,224
303,613	4,780,560	4,586,523	4,586,523	<u>194,037</u>
\$349,930	<u>\$4,189,689</u>	<u>\$3,965,437</u>	<u>\$3,422,428</u>	<u>\$ 767,261</u>

CITY OF SHELDON NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - BUDGETARY REPORTING FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

The budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the City Council annually adopts a budget on the cash basis following required public notice and hearing for all funds. The annual budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures.

Formal and legal budgetary control is based upon ten major classes of disbursements known as functions, not by fund or fund type. These ten functions are: public safety, public works, health and social services, culture and recreation, community and economic development, general government, debt service, capital projects, business-type activities, and non-program. Function disbursements required to be budgeted include disbursements for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund, Capital Projects Funds, and Proprietary Fund. Although the budget document presents function disbursements by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not by fund. During the year, one budget amendment increased budgeted disbursements by \$1,118,483. This budget amendment is reflected in the final budgeted amounts.

During the year ended June 30, 2010, disbursements in the debt service function exceeded the budgeted amount. This was due to an unexpected interest payment on bonds which were called on June 21, 2010.



CITY OF SHELDON COMBINING STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, AND CHANGES IN CASH BALANCES ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Speci	al Revenue Fund	ds
RECEIPTS: Property tax Other city taxes Use of money and property	LHAP Reuse \$ 620	Employee <u>Benefits</u> \$284,527 11,595 244	Road Use
Intergovernmental	100 720	296,366	\$434,368 434,368
DISBURSEMENTS: Public safety Public works Culture and recreation Community and economic development		197,436 130,898 48,110	417,083
General government TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS		<u>19,445</u> _ <u>395,889</u>	417,083
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF RECEIPTS OVER (UNDER) DISBURSEMENTS	720	<u>(99,523</u>)	<u> 17,285</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Operating transfers in Operating transfers out TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		62,351 _(21,138) _41,213	(5,166) (5,166)
NET CHANGE IN CASH BALANCES	720	(58,310)	12,119
CASH BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>45,570</u>	94,814	64,073
CASH BALANCES - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 46,290</u>	<u>\$ 36,504</u>	<u>\$ 76,192</u>
CASH BASIS FUND BALANCES: Unreserved: Undesignated: Special revenue funds	<u>\$ 46,290</u>	<u>\$ 36,504</u>	<u>\$ 76,192</u>

	Sı	oecial Revenue Fur	nds		
<u>LMI</u>	Housing <u>Rehab</u>	Emergency	Hotel/Motel <u>Tax</u>	Trails <u>Maintenance</u>	<u>Total</u>
\$ 2,262		\$ 21,677 883	\$ 96,270	\$ 284 5,000	\$ 306,204 108,748 3,410 439,368
2,262		22,560	96,270	29,820 35,104	29,920 887,650
	\$ 446		96,270	26,593	197,436 547,981 74,703 96,716
	446		96,270	26,593	936,281
2,262	(446)	22,560		8,511	(48,631)
43,219		(22,560)		<u>(135,100</u>)	105,570 (183,964)
43,219		(22,560)		(135,100)	<u>(78,394</u>)
45,481	(446)			(126,589)	(127,025)
<u>169,409</u>				<u>157,990</u>	<u>531,856</u>
<u>\$214,890</u>	<u>\$ (446)</u>	\$	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 31,401</u>	<u>\$ 404,831</u>
<u>\$214,890</u>	<u>\$ (446</u>)	\$	\$	<u>\$ 31,401</u>	<u>\$ 404,831</u>

CITY OF SHELDON STATEMENT OF INDEBTEDNESS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

<u>Obligation</u>	Date of Issue	Amount Interest <u>Rates</u>	Originally <u>Issued</u>	Final Due <u>Date</u>
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:				
General Obligation Bonds/Notes: Taxable capital loan notes Capital loan notes, series 2008 Total General Obligation Bonds/Notes	11-15-2004 4-01-2008	4.80% 2.70 - 3.65%	\$1,535,000 1,860,000	6-01-2011 6-01-2018
Tax Increment Financing Bonds: Urban renewal revenue annual appropriation capital loan notes	10-19-2007	4.00 - 4.75%	3,045,000	6-01-2020
Sales and Service Tax Bonds: Refunding bonds	5-01-2003	3.70 - 4.30%	1,415,000	6-01-2015
Other Long-Term Debt: Rungers interim TIF loan USDA airport loan Total	4-20-2000 6-06-2001	4.75%	250,000 400,000	6-05-2021
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES:				
Revenue Notes: Sewer revenue capital loan notes Water revenue capital loan notes	9-15-1999 3-25-2007	3.00% 4.59%	814,000 1,900,000	6-01-2020 6-01-2022

TOTAL BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES

Balance Beginning <u>of Year</u>	Issued During <u>Year</u>	Redeemed During <u>Year</u>	Balance End <u>of Year</u>	Interest <u>Paid</u>	Interest Due and <u>Unpaid</u>
\$ 735,000 1,610,000 2,345,000		\$ 685,000 265,000 950,000	\$ 50,000 <u>1,345,000</u> <u>1,395,000</u>	\$ 36,448 48,970 85,418	
2,845,000		210,000	2,635,000	124,540	
775,000		120,000	655,000	30,523	
31,333 		31,333 18,586 49,919	272,823 272,823	1,051 13,842 14,893	
<u>\$6,287,742</u>		<u>\$1,329,919</u>	<u>\$4,957,823</u>	<u>\$255,374</u>	-
\$ 518,000 _1,714,913		\$ 39,000 <u>99,040</u>	\$ 479,000 _1,615,873	\$ 17,923 <u>77,593</u>	
<u>\$2,232,913</u>		<u>\$ 138,040</u>	<u>\$2,094,873</u>	<u>\$ 95,516</u>	

CITY OF SHELDON BOND AND NOTE MATURITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

General Obligation Bonds/Notes

	•	Loan Notes 4-1-2008	Taxable Capital Loan NotesIssued 11-15-2004		
Year Ending <u>June 30,</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Interest <u>Rate</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Total</u>
2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018	2.70% 2.90% 3.05% 3.20% 3.35% 3.45% 3.55% 3.65%	\$ 270,000 280,000 120,000 125,000 130,000 135,000 140,000 145,000	4.80%	\$ 50,000	\$ 320,000 280,000 120,000 125,000 130,000 135,000 140,000 145,000
		<u>\$1,345,000</u>		\$ 50,000	<u>\$1,395,000</u>

	Annual A	Urban Renewal Revenue Annual Appropriation Issued 10-19-2007		Service Tax ng Bonds i-1-2003
Year Ending	Interest		Interest	
June 30,	Rate	<u>Amount</u>	Rate	<u>Amount</u>
2011	4.00%	\$ 215,000	3.70%	\$ 125,000
2012	4.10%	225,000	3.90%	125,000
2013	4.15%	235,000	4.00%	130,000
2014	4.25%	245,000	4.15%	135,000
2015	4.35%	255,000	4.30%	140,000
2016	4.45%	265,000		
2017	4.50%	280,000		
2018	4.60%	290,000		
2019	4.70%	305,000		
2020	4.75%	320,000		
		\$2,635,000		<u>\$ 655,000</u>

CITY OF SHELDON **BOND AND NOTE MATURITIES - Continued** FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

USDA Ai	rport	Loan
Issued 6		

	<u>188ueu</u>	<u> </u>			
Year Ending	Interest				
<u>June 30,</u>	<u>Rate</u>	<u>Amount</u>	:		
2011	4.75%	\$ 19,46	9		
2012	4.75%	20,39	4		
2013	4.75%	21,36	2		
2014	4.75%	22,37	7		
2015	4.75%	23,44	0		
2016	4.75%	24,55	3		
2017	4.75%	25,72	0		
2018	4.75%	26,94	1		
2019	4.75%	28,22	1		
2020	4.75%	29,56	2		
2021	4.75%	30,78	4		
		\$ 272,82	<u>3</u>		

Revenue Notes

	Capital	Revenue Loan Notes 3-25-2007	Capital	Revenue Loan Notes 9-15-1999	
Year Ending	Interest		Interest		
June 30,	Rate	<u>Amount</u>	Rate	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Total</u>
2011	4.59%	\$ 103,638	3.00%	\$ 40,000	\$ 143,638
2012	4.59%	108,342	3.00%	42,000	150,342
2013	4.59%	113,584	3.00%	43,000	156,584
2014	4.59%	118,753	3.00%	45,000	163,753
2015	4.59%	124,266	3.00%	47,000	171,266
2016	4.59%	129,963	3.00%	49,000	178,963
2017	4.59%	136,137	3.00%	50,000	186,137
2018	4.59%	142,390	3.00%	52,000	194,390
2019	4.59%	149,001	3.00%	54,000	203,001
2020	4.59%	155,888	3.00%	57,000	212,888
2021	4.59%	163,180		•	163,180
2022	4.59%	<u>170,731</u>		44074444	170,731
		<u>\$1,615,873</u>		<u>\$ 479,000</u>	<u>\$2,094,873</u>



CITY OF SHELDON SCHEDULE OF RECEIPTS BY SOURCE AND DISBURSEMENTS BY FUNCTION ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE LAST SIX YEARS

	<u>2010</u>	<u> 2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
RECEIPTS:			
Property tax	\$1,129,515	\$1,101,847	\$1,000,580
Tax increment financing	2,063,537	1,849,357	1,381,795
Other City taxes	526,941	683,965	591,117
Licenses and permits	11,739	10,757	11,838
Use of money and property	120,068	159,167	204,717
Intergovernmental	960,474	512,412	1,242,981
Charges for services	540,672	626,339	490,988
Special assessments	•	1,815	109
Miscellaneous	251,783	164,289	218,222
			
TOTAL RECEIPTS	<u>\$5,604,729</u>	<u>\$5,109,948</u>	<u>\$5,142,347</u>
DISBURSEMENTS:			
Public safety	\$1,003,796	\$ 964,191	\$ 765,503
Public works	1,199,692	955,752	1,193,661
Health and social services	15,500	15,500	
Culture and recreation	492,326	532,690	371,462
Community and economic development	453,534	368,431	309,073
General government	374,716	324,849	318,461
Debt service	1,586,968	1,128,038	1,340,354
Capital projects	1,091,594	<u>1,951,447</u>	3,441,879
TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS	<u>\$6,218,126</u>	<u>\$6,240,898</u>	\$7,740,393

Schedule 4

<u>2007</u>	2006	<u>2005</u>
\$1,088,289	\$1,163,190	\$1,380,145
1,215,979	1,146,197	1,010,582
519,010	455,606	461,224
41,560	10,685	10,473
143,511	123,571	104,066
1,380,683	520,969	620,081
480,405	476,627	467,448
833	653	3,920
238,533	126,546	73,485
<u>\$5,108,803</u>	<u>\$4,024,044</u>	<u>\$4,131,424</u>
\$1,011,219	\$ 668,867	\$ 675,878
862,975	811,163	794,134
500,724	428,609	385,817
837,469	146,387	161,755
337,527	319,084	521,762
699,461	781,458	1,166,454
1,007,943	824,432	1,672,003
<u>\$5,257,318</u>	<u>\$3,980,000</u>	<u>\$5,377,803</u>

CITY OF SHELDON CAPITAL ASSETS ACTIVITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	Balance Beginning <u>of Year</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance End <u>of Year</u>
COST OF CAPITAL ASSETS:				
Capital assets not being depreciated: Construction in progress Land	\$ 194,093 406,000	\$ 396,390		\$ 590,483 406,000
Total capital assets not being depreciated	600,093	396,390		996,483
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	4,836,250			4,836,250
Aquatic Center	2,731,883	480,996	\$ (30,114)	2,731,883 2,926,899
Equipment and vehiclesInfrastructure	2,476,017 8,905,851	496,21 <u>0</u>	φ (30, 114 <i>)</i>	9,402,06 <u>1</u>
Total capital assets being	0,900,001			0,102,001
depreciated	18,950,001	977,206	(30,114)	<u>19,897,093</u>
TOTAL COST OF CAPITAL ASSETS	19,550,094	1,373,596	(30,114)	20,893,576
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION:				
Building and improvements	1,606,170	115,319		1,721,489
Aquatic Center	100,169	109,275		209,444
Equipment and vehicles	1,606,945	180,224	(30,114)	1,757,055
Infrastructure	<u>4,014,418</u>	<u> 320,067</u>		<u>4,334,485</u>
TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	7,327,702	724,885	(30,114)	8,022,473
DEPRECIATION	1,321,102	124,000	(30, 114)	0,022,473
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
CAPITAL ASSETS - NET	\$12,222,392	<u>\$ 648,711</u>		<u>\$12,871,103</u>

CITY OF SHELDON CAPITAL ASSETS ACTIVITY - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES	Balance Beginning <u>of Year</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	Balance End <u>of Year</u>
COST OF CAPITAL ASSETS:				
Capital assets not being depreciated: Construction in progress	\$ 74,778 84,390	\$ (74,778)		\$ 84,390
Land Lewis and Clark water rights	2,399,542	160,092	<u>Constitution</u>	2,559,634
Total capital assets	2 559 710	85,314		2,644,024
not being depreciated	2,558,710	65,314		2,044,024
Capital assets being depreciated:	4 000 000			4 000 000
Water and sewer plants	4,982,008 850,971	81,321		4,982,008 932,292
Equipment and vehicles Infrastructure	5,174,853	304,526		5,479,379
Total capital assets being	0,174,000	00-1,020		0,110,010
depreciated	11,007,832	<u>385,847</u>		<u>11,393,679</u>
TOTAL COST OF CAPITAL ASSETS	13,566,542	<u>471,161</u>		14,037,703
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION:				
Water and sewer plants	3,146,073	110,461		3,256,534
Equipment and vehicles	517,509	54,630		572,139
Infrastructure	1,436,677	<u>136,534</u>		<u>1,573,211</u>
TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	5,100,259	301,625		5,401,884
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES				
CAPITAL ASSETS - NET	\$ 8,466,283	<u>\$ 169,536</u>		<u>\$ 8,635,819</u>
Cost of loan fees	\$ 8,750			\$ 8,750
Less - accumulated depreciation	4,302	<u>\$ 438</u>		4,740
LOAN FEES - NET	\$ 4,448	\$ <u>(438)</u>		<u>\$ 4,010</u>

WINTHER, STAVE & Co., LLP Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL
OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Sheldon Sheldon, IA 51201

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Sheldon, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents and have issued our report thereon dated January 4, 2011. Our report expressed an unqualified opinion on the financial statements which were prepared in conformity with an other comprehensive basis of accounting. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses; and therefore, there can be no assurance that all such deficiencies have been identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of non-compliance or other matters that are described in Part II of the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the City's operations for the year ended June 30, 2010 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the City. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

The City's responses to findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. While we have expressed our conclusions on the City's responses, we did not audit the City's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report, a public record by law, is intended solely for the information and use of the officials, employees and citizens of the City of Sheldon, and other parties to whom the City may report. This report is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of the City during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

Winther Stone Co. The

January 4, 2011

CITY OF SHELDON SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Part I: Findings Related to the Financial Statements

Reportable Conditions:

No material weaknesses in internal control over financial reporting were reported.

Instances of Non-Compliance:

No findings were noted.

CITY OF SHELDON SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Part II: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting

10-II-A <u>Certified Budget</u> - Disbursements during the year ended June 30, 2010 exceeded the amounts budgeted in the debt service function. Chapter 384.20 of the Code of Iowa states, in part, "Public monies may not be expended or encumbered except under an annual or continuing appropriation."

<u>Recommendation</u> - the budget should have been amended in accordance with Chapter 384.18 of the Code of Iowa before disbursements were allowed to exceed the budget.

<u>Response</u> - The disbursements exceeded the budgeted amount due to an unexpected interest payment of \$1,235 on bonds which were called on June 21, 2010.

<u>Conclusion</u> - Response accepted.

- 10-II-B <u>Questionable Expenditures</u> We noted no expenditures that may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979.
- 10-II-C <u>Travel Expense</u> No expenditures of City money for travel expenses of spouses of City officials or employees were noted.
- 10-II-D <u>Business Transactions</u> Business transactions between the City and City officials or employees are detailed as follows:

Name, Title, and <u>Business Connection</u> Ron Rensink, Council Member,	Transaction Description	<u>Amount</u>
Owner of Perspective Insurance	Insurance	\$109,033
Kurt Tatsumi, Mayor, Owner of K-T Industries and		
Signature Printing	Printing and supplies	109
Brad Hindt, Council Member, Owner of Downtown Hardware	Supplies	5,564
Dave Popkes, Council Member, Owner Dave's Appliance	Appliances and repairs	380

The transactions with Mr. Tatsumi and Mr. Popkes do not appear to be a conflict of interest since the total paid to each individual was less than \$1,500.

CITY OF SHELDON SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS - Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Part II: Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting - Continued

10-II-D <u>Business Transactions</u> - continued

The transactions with Mr. Rensink do not appear to be a conflict of interest since they relate primarily to payment on the City's Iowa Community Assurance Pool (ICAP) insurance policy. The contract with ICAP was signed prior to Mr. Rensink being a council member and is therefore an exception under Chapter 362.5(7) of the Code of Iowa.

The transactions with Mr. Hindt may represent a conflict of interest since the total paid to his business was more than \$1,500 and competitive bidding was not utilized.

<u>Recommendation</u> - The City should use the competitive bidding process when practicable.

<u>Response</u> - These transactions were for normal expenses. The City will monitor spending and use competitive bidding when practicable.

Conclusion - Response accepted.

- 10-II-E <u>Bond Coverage</u> Surety bond coverage of City officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to insure that the coverage is adequate for current operations.
- 10-II-F <u>Council Minutes</u> No transactions were found that we believe should have been approved in the Council minutes but were not.
- 10-II-G <u>Deposits and Investments</u> No instances of non-compliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and the City's investment policy were noted.
- 10-II-H Revenue Notes No noncompliance with revenue note provisions were noted.
- 10-II-I <u>Economic Development</u> We noted that the City paid the Sheldon Chamber and Development Corporation \$93,000 from tax increment financing revenues, \$96,270 from hotel/motel tax, and \$10,000 from local option sales tax.

In addition, we noted that the City paid the O'Brien County Economic Development Corporation \$5,503 from tax increment financing revenues.

It appears the City properly evaluated the public purpose and requires documentation of how the funds were used.